

Trustworthy Autonomous Systems (TAS): The Verifiability Approach

Mohammad Reza Mousavi

Mohammad.mousavi@kcl.ac.uk

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-4869-6794>

King's College London, London, UK

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ABSTRACT. Autonomous systems are taking over the decision-making in many crucial aspects of our lives. Trust in them will help users benefit from such systems without harming themselves. Establishing the right level of trust involves a holistic validation and verification process, accounting for aspects such as interactions with the physical world and human users. In this talk, I present our ongoing effort to provide a holistic framework for ensuring the verifiability of autonomous systems.

KEYWORDS: autonomous systems, trust, verifiability, validation and verification, testing

SISTEMAS AUTÓNOMOS CONFIABLES (TAS): EL ENFOQUE DE LA VERIFICABILIDAD

RESUMEN. Los sistemas autónomos se están haciendo cargo de la toma de decisiones en muchos aspectos cruciales de nuestras vidas. Confiar en ellos ayudará a sus usuarios a beneficiarse de dichos sistemas sin dañarse a sí mismos. Establecer el nivel adecuado de confianza implica un proceso holístico de validación y verificación, que tiene en cuenta aspectos como las interacciones con el mundo físico y los usuarios humanos. En esta charla, presento nuestro esfuerzo continuo para proporcionar un marco holístico para garantizar la verificabilidad de los sistemas autónomos.

PALABRAS CLAVE: sistemas autónomos, confianza, verificabilidad, validación y verificación, *testing*

1. INTRODUCTION

Autonomous systems are the result of an integration of software, hardware, and communication systems that enables decision-making with minimal intervention required from their users (Mousavi et al., 2022). Examples of such systems include pacemakers and implantable defibrillators, drones and unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs), and chatbots. Although decision making in such systems is performed autonomously, they often engage in patterns of interactions with users and hence, their usefulness crucially depends on a smooth orchestration of these interactions.

Trust and trustworthiness are crucial aspects in the development and deployment of autonomous systems: it concerns the users' belief that the system is going to be helpful and safe in challenging scenarios (Araujo et al., 2019). Trusting a system that is not trustworthy can harm users, since users will adapt the systems in challenging scenarios that the system cannot cope with. Likewise, not trusting a system that is trustworthy can lead to avoiding the system in scenarios that the system can cope with and hence, not benefitting from the system. Establishing the right level of trust involves gathering and communicating sufficient evidence for the system's safety and usefulness. A holistic validation and verification process is an essential ingredient for providing such evidence (Mousavi et al., 2022; Araujo et al., 2022).

In this talk, I will go through our verifiability framework for autonomous systems. This involves learning about system and user behavior and capturing their appropriate models (Damasceno et al., 2021); adapting the models by observing and adapting to changes (Damasceno et al., 2019; Tavassoli et al., 2022); generating structured test suites that cover different aspects of system and user behavior (Araujo et al., 2020; Biewer et al., 2022); and an analysis of the test results and explaining the patterns of interaction (Gou et al., 2022).

For each of the above-mentioned four steps, we review our latest results, and point out the challenges before us in establishing a holistic verification framework for autonomous systems.

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